



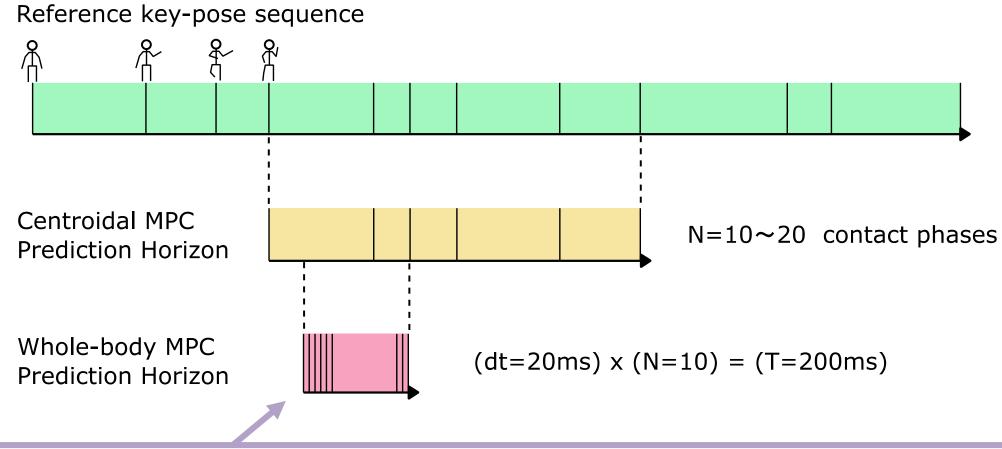
Humanoid Dance Simulation Using Hybrid Model Predictive Control

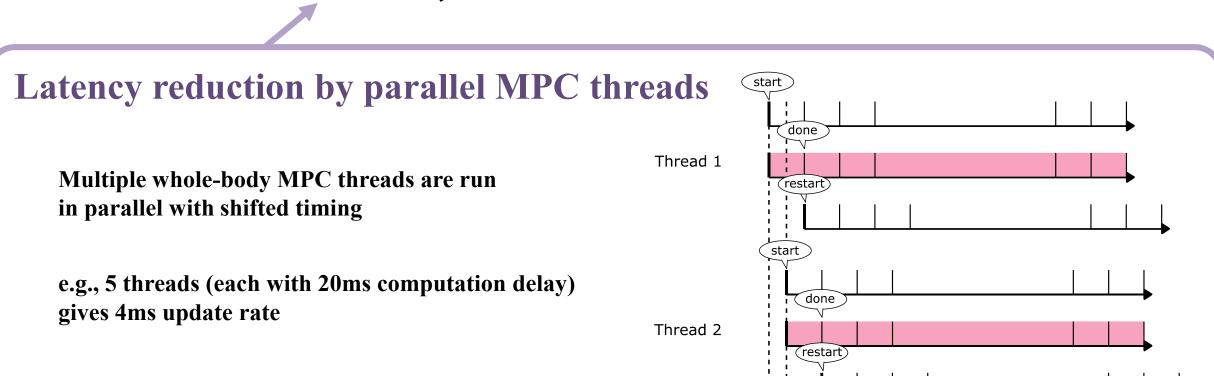
Yuichi Tazaki (Kobe University)

This paper proposes a method that realizes dynamic dancing motion of humanoid robots based on hybrid model predictive control. The proposed control method runs two types of model predictive controllers with different fidelity and time scale in parallel; one performs long-horizon prediction by making use of a closed-form solution of the centroidal dynamics, and the other performs short-horizon prediction based on the whole-body dynamics. A reference key-pose sequence of more than 100 key frames including stepping and fast upper-body movement was edited using Choreonoid and input to the controller. In closed-loop simulation of a torque-controlled 32-DoF humanoid robot, the controller was able to track the reference sequence by attenuating large angular momentum.

Control System Architecture Reference centroidal state trajectory Controller Reference key-pose sequence **Desired footstep Contact switch timing Centroidal MPC computation thread** Whole-body MPC computation threads **Desired whole**body motion **Inverse dynamics Desired joint acceleration Robot model Key-pose sequence** Joint torque **Full state** (YAML format) (YAML format) Choreonoid AIST Simulator Simulation time step: 0.1 ms

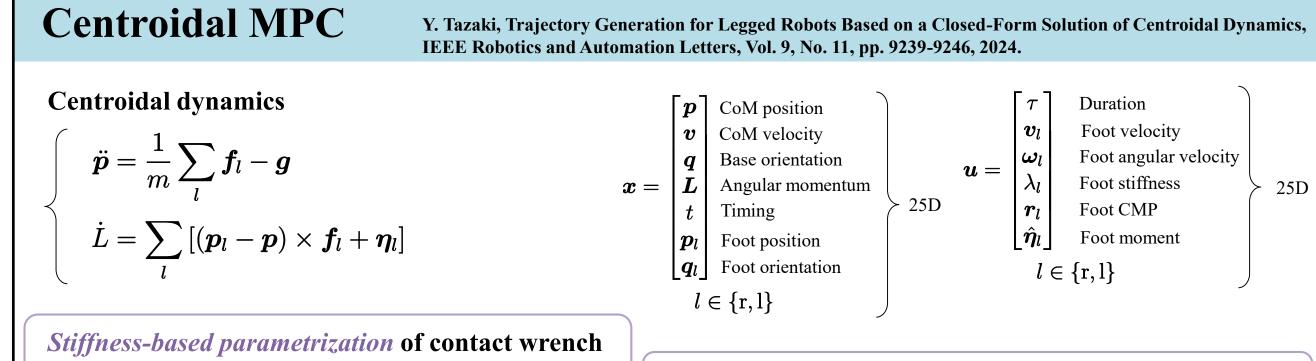
Coordination of multiple MPC threads





Summary

- Realization of dynamic (large angular momentum) and complex (include steps and jumps) dance movement in simulation using MPC
- Combination of long-horizon Centroidal MPC and short-horizon Wholebody MPC for reference motion tracking



- - $oldsymbol{f}_l = m \lambda_l^2 (oldsymbol{p} (oldsymbol{p}_l + oldsymbol{r}_l))$ $oldsymbol{\eta}_l = m \lambda_l^2 \hat{oldsymbol{\eta}}_l$
- Zero-order hold to the stiffness parameters yields a **closed-form solution** of the centroidal dynamics
- Enables long-horizon planning with fewer variables.
- Jumps can be realized by inserting flight phases to key frames. CD-MPC works as a dynamics filter to generate vertical CoM

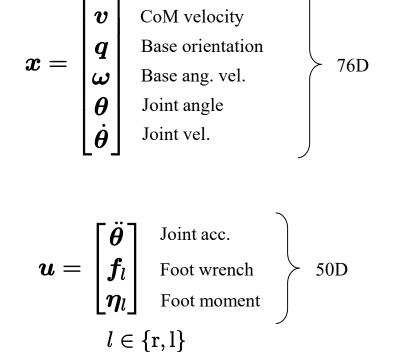


Whole-body MPC

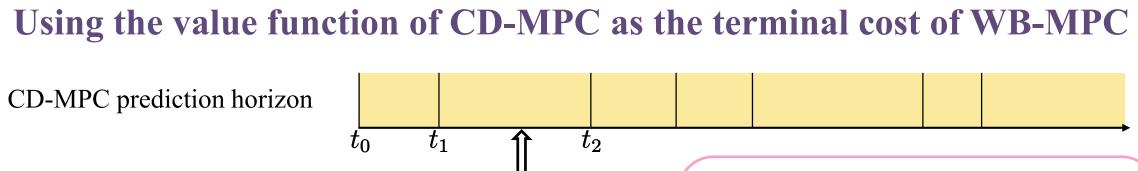
- Centroidal-dynamics + full-kinematics
- Euler stepping to derive discrete-time prediction model

$$\left\{egin{aligned} \ddot{m{p}} = rac{1}{m} \sum_{l} m{f}_{l} - m{g} \ \dot{m{\omega}} = I^{-1} \left(-(\dot{I}m{\omega} + m{\omega} imes m{q}\hat{m{L}} + m{q}\dot{m{L}} + \sum_{l} (m{\eta}_{l} + (m{p}_{l} - m{p}) imes m{f}_{l})
ight) \end{aligned}
ight.$$

Decomposition of angular momentum into base link rotation and "local" angular momentum $oldsymbol{L} = I(oldsymbol{ heta})oldsymbol{\omega} + oldsymbol{q}\hat{oldsymbol{L}}(oldsymbol{ heta}, \dot{oldsymbol{ heta}})$



CoM position



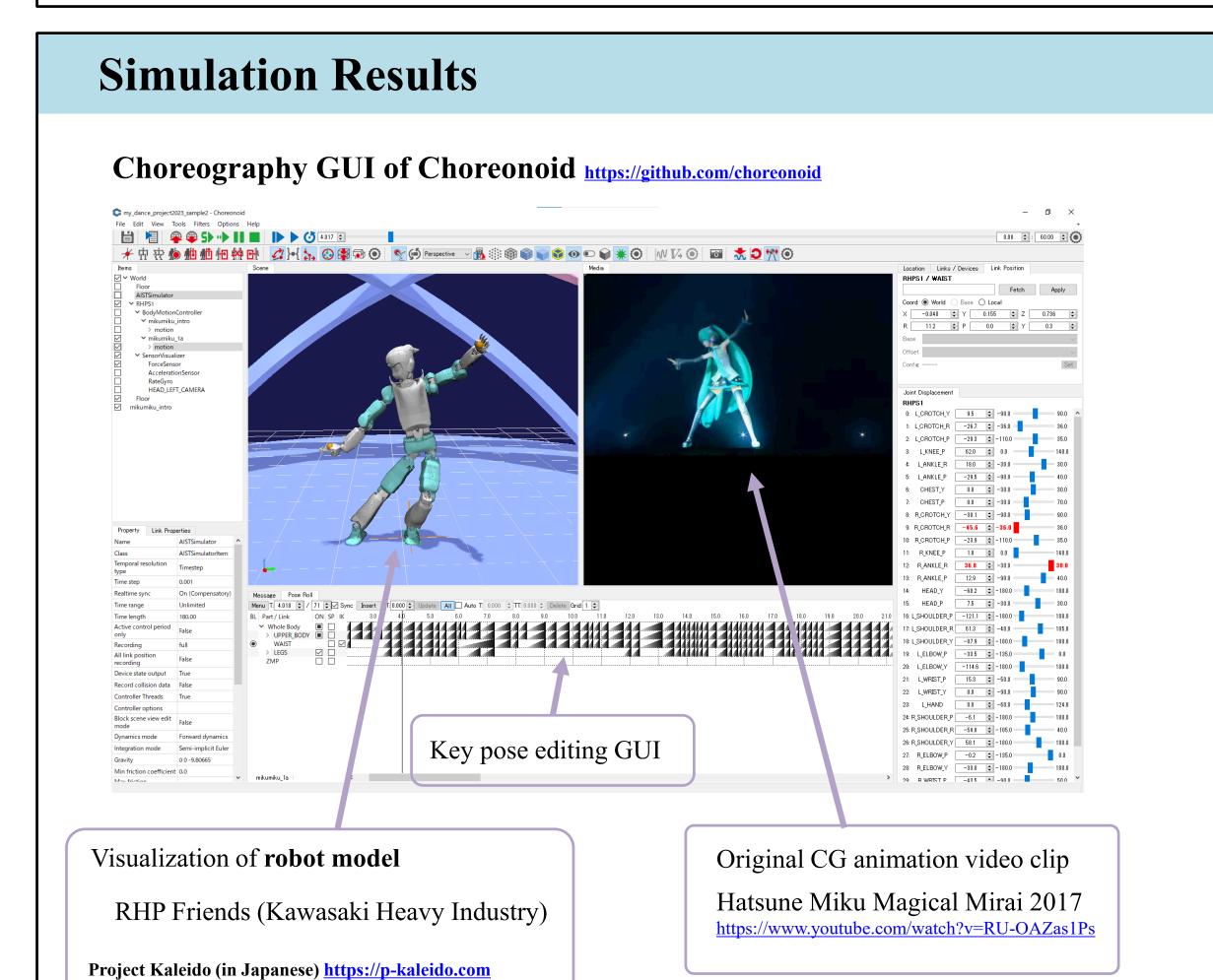
WB-MPC prediction horizon

The prediction horizon of WB-MPC is effectively extended to the end of the prediction horizon of CD-MPC.

 $J_{ ext{WB}} = \sum_{k=0}^{} L_k(oldsymbol{x}_k, oldsymbol{u}_k) + oldsymbol{V_{ ext{f}}}(oldsymbol{x}_N)$ **Terminal cost obtained from** the value function of CD-MPC

The cost function of WB-MPC looks like:

* This part is our recent work and not included in the proceedings.



Part

Intro

Verse

Pre-verse

Chorus

27

81

56

152

Edited key-pose sequence is exported in YAML format

12

24

13

35

Comments

Arm swinging only

Includes stepping

Includes jumps

Includes jumps

of key-frames | Duration [s]

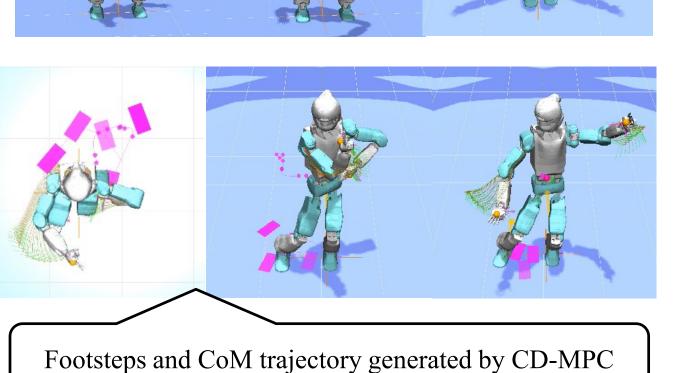
Kakiuchi Y, Kamon M, Shimomura N, et al.

Robots and Systems (IROS), pp.689-696, 2017.

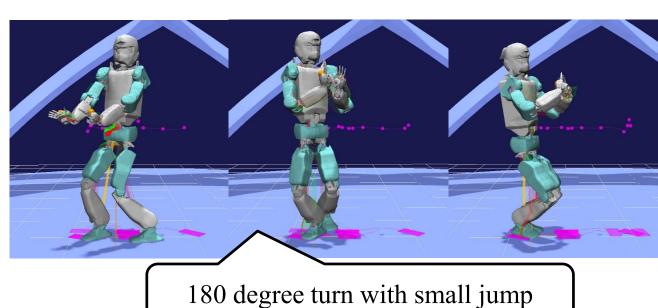
Development of life sized humanoid robot platform with

robustness for falling down, long time working and error

occurrence. IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent



Stepping while swinging arms



Computation time [ms] Average Max CD-MPC 12 14 WB-MPC 14 16



360 degree turn with 4 steps (flight in between)

See also

- dymp/dymp mpc https://github.com/ytazz/dymp[_mpc] A trajectory optimization and MPC library
- Humanoid Virtual Athletics Challenge https://ytazz.github.io/vnoid/ Simulation-based humanoid robot competition featuring athletics and dance