

de Haas van Alphen effect in Nd-based skutterudites

H. Sugawara¹, D. Kikuchi², K. Tanaka², H. Sato², H. Shishido³, R. Settai³ and Y. Onuki³

¹Faculty of Integrated Arts and Sciences, Tokushima University, Tokushima 770-8502

²Graduate School of Science, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Hachioji, 192-0397

³Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Toyonaka, 560-0043

The exotic behaviors of Pr-based skutterudites, such as heavy fermion state in $\text{PrFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$, metal-insulator transition in $\text{PrRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ and heavy fermion superconductivity in $\text{PrOs}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$, have promoted intense research activities based on various experimental techniques. Recently, several attractive features have been also found in Sm-based skutterudites, such as ferromagnetic Kondo lattice in $\text{SmFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$, octupole ordering in $\text{SmRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ and heavy fermion state robust against magnetic fields in $\text{SmOs}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$. In contrast, the physical properties of the reference compounds, such as La- and Nd-based ones, have been poorly investigated despite those importance for understanding the unusual properties both of Pr- and Sm-based ones. Until now, from the magnetic and transport properties, it was found that most Nd-based skutterudites show a ferromagnetic transition at low temperature and several ones show unusual behaviors, such as Kondo like logarithmic temperature dependence of electrical resistivity far above the ferromagnetic transition temperature in $\text{NdFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$ and heavy fermion behavior in $\text{NdOs}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$. In the present work, we have succeeded in measuring the dHvA effect of $\text{NdFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$, $\text{NdRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$, $\text{NdRu}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$ and $\text{NdOs}_4\text{Sb}_{12}$, and investigated these electronic states systematically. One of the results of dHvA experiments is shown in fig. 1. The angular dependence of dHvA frequency in $\text{NdRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ is close to that of $\text{LaRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$, indicating the closeness of the Fermi surfaces as expected from the localized nature of $4f$ -electrons. The observed cyclotron effective mass up to $10.9 m_0$ is extraordinary large as Nd-based compound.

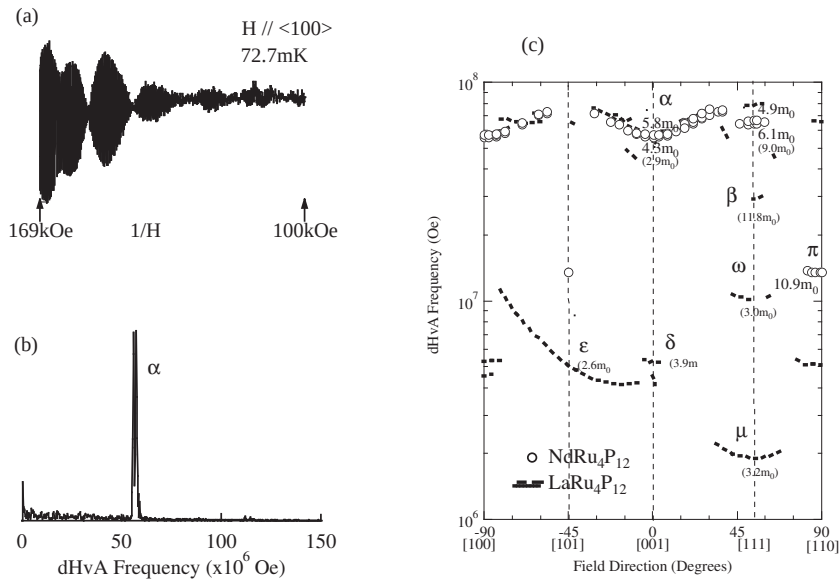


Figure 1: (a) Typical dHvA oscillation and (b) its FFT spectrum in $\text{NdRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$. (c) Comparison of the angular dependence of the dHvA frequencies between $\text{NdRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ (circles) and $\text{LaRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ (dashed lines).