

Ultrasonic Investigation of Off-Center Oscillator in Clathrate Compounds $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$ and $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Ge}_6$

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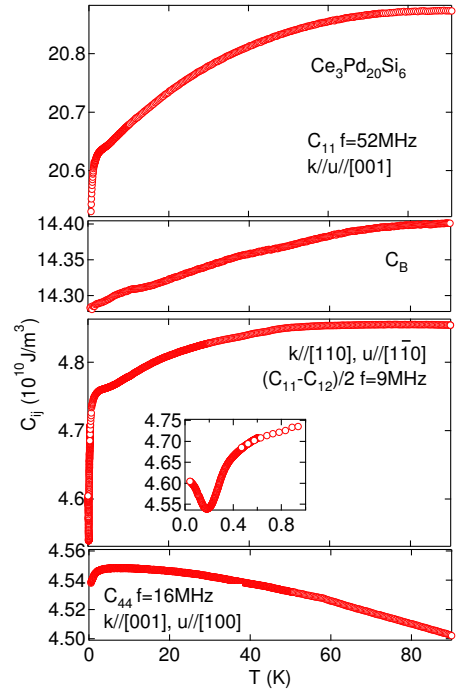
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Clathrate compounds $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$ and $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Ge}_6$ (R =rare-earths) crystallize in a cubic Cr_{23}C_6 -type structure with O_h^h space group symmetry. The rare-earths are located on the two crystallographically non-equivalent 4a- and 8c-sites. Using grown single crystals, we have carried out ultrasonic measurements to investigate rattling and tunneling of a rare-earth ion in a cage consisting of Pd and Si or Ge. The transverse elastic constant C_{44} of $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Ge}_6$ (R =La, Ce, Pr, Nd) shows frequency dependence together with considerable ultrasonic attenuation around 10-30 K, while no frequency dependence has been observed in $(C_{11} - C_{12})/2$. The ultrasonic dispersion in C_{44} is well described by a Debye-type formula with a relaxation time $\tau = \tau_0 \exp(E/k_B T)$. This is caused by thermally activated rattling of the rare-earth ion over a potential barrier in the cage [1,2]. Furthermore, the C_{44} of $\text{La}_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Ge}_6$ without 4f electron shows softening below 3 K down to 20 mK in proportion to $1/T$ suggesting a triply degenerated tunneling state of the rare-earth ion through the potential barrier at low temperatures [2]. In the present study, we have measured elastic constants to investigate the rattling and tunneling in the $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$ system. A monotonous increase of all elastic constants of $\text{La}_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$ in decreasing temperature has been found. Fig. 1 shows the temperature dependence of elastic constants in $\text{Ce}_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$. C_{11} , $(C_{11} - C_{12})/2$ and C_{44} exhibit softening with decreasing temperature below 60 K, which is originated in quadrupolar effect of 4f-electron. The absence of the ultrasonic dispersion in Si clathrates is in contrast to the case of compound $R_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Ge}_6$. As shown in the inset of Fig. 1, $(C_{11} - C_{12})/2$ shows a minimum around 0.15 K indicates appearance of a Kondo singlet state. The result of $\text{Ce}_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$ suggests strongly correlated phenomena of heavy fermion state due to a Γ_8 ground state.



[1] Y. Nemoto et al., Phys. Rev. B **68** (2003) 184109.

[2] T. Goto et al., Phys. Rev. B **70** (2004) 184126.

Figure 1: The temperature dependence of the elastic constant in $\text{Ce}_3\text{Pd}_{20}\text{Si}_6$