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Pr *sf* effective exchange interaction and superconductivity in PrOs₄Sb₁₂

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The Pr skutterudites PrT₄X₁₂ have many properties varied by changing the combination of transition-metal ions (T=Fe, Ru, Os) and pnictogens (X=P, As, Sb). Each Pr ion is located in a cage X₁₂, which leads to strong hybridization of Pr *f*-electron states with conduction bands. As a result, the complex structure of the Pr states in the *f*² configuration displays orbital ordering, multipolar effects and exotic metallic behavior.

It is known that PrOs₄Sb₁₂ is a heavy-fermion superconductor with broken time-reversal symmetry[1]. In a magnetic field, a multiple superconducting phase is reported[2]. An ordered phase is induced by a higher magnetic field in which the superconductivity disappears although a magnetic moment is absent at zero field[3]. The purpose of our study is to clarify the *f*-orbital nature of Pr ions in this physics.

Using our previous approach to U dilute alloys[4], we derive an *sf* effective exchange interaction for low-lying crystal-field states of Pr, considering *T_h* symmetry as the point group[5]. We choose a plausible level scheme in which the ground state is a Γ_1 singlet and the first excited state is a $\Gamma_4^{(2)}$ triplet[3]. We take into account a strongly hybridized *a_u* conduction band and some relevant *t_u* bands from molecular orbitals of Sb₁₂[6]. Within the *a_u* band, we obtain a magnetic exchange interaction only due to the Pr triplet. We have recently reported a possibility of exciton-mediated superconductivity based on this *sf* interaction[7]. Through the *sf* exchange, the low-lying excitations (excitons) with a finite energy gap give rise to an attractive interaction for Cooper pairing. The symmetry of the superconducting order parameter is determined by dispersion relation of the exciton. We find that a *d*-wave state ($k_x k_y + \omega k_y k_z + \omega^2 k_z k_x$, $\omega = e^{\pm i2\pi/3}$) is stabilized for the bcc system PrOs₄Sb₁₂. This state breaks time-reversal symmetry.

For coupling of the Pr singlet and triplet states, the admixture of the *a_u* and *t_u* bands is necessary. This gives quadrupolar exchange as well as magnetic in the *sf* interaction, which should be important for understanding of the field-induced order. We generalize our theory including this exchange model.

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