

Transport properties in $\text{SmT}_4\text{P}_{12}$ (T=Fe, Ru)

D. Kikuchi¹, H. Aoki¹, Y. Yonezawa¹, K. Tanaka¹, Y. Tsunashima¹, S. Sanada¹,
A. Tsuchiya¹, Y. Aoki¹, H. Sugawara², H. Sato¹

¹Graduate School and Faculty of Science, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, 192-0397

²Faculty of Integrated Arts and Sciences, Tokushima University, Tokushima 770-8502

The filled skutterudite compound $\text{SmFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$ is reported to be the first Sm-based heavy fermion with ferromagnetic ground state[1]. We have reported the Fermi surface (FS) topology and the mass enhancement based on the de Haas-van Alphen experiment and the transverse magnetoresistance measurement[2]. Figure 1 shows the angular dependence of the transverse magnetoresistance $\Delta\rho/\rho = (\rho(H) - \rho(0))/\rho(0)$ for the current along the $[1\bar{1}0]$ direction at 0.4 K in $\text{SmFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$ (RRR = 400). The angular dependence of $\Delta\rho/\rho$ in $\text{SmFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$ is weak compared to $\text{LaFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$. $\Delta\rho/\rho$ increases with $H^{1.7\sim 1.9}$, without any tendency of saturation at least for 0, 20, and 90 degrees. These results may suggest the measured fields are in a crossover range from low- to high-field conditions.

$\text{SmRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ is reported to exhibit a metal-insulator transition near 16 K based on the measurements on polycrystalline samples synthesized under high pressure[3]. We have succeeded in growing the single crystals of $\text{SmRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$ and measured the transport properties. Figure 2 shows the temperature dependence of the electrical resistivity down to 0.6 K. We observed the resistivity minimum around 10 K, which has not been seen in the previous result[3].

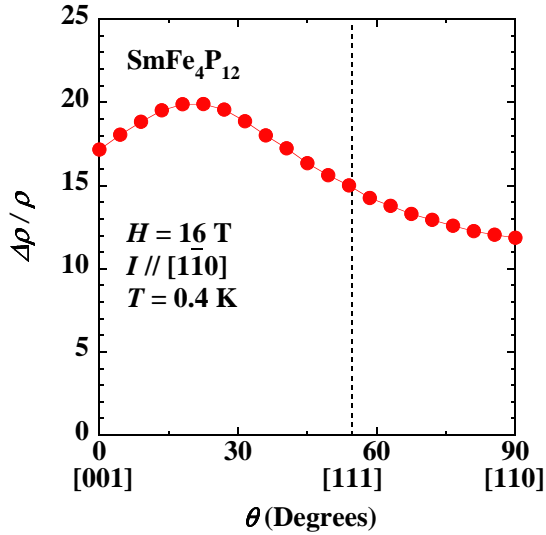


Figure 1: Angular dependence of the transverse magnetoresistance for the current along the $[1\bar{1}0]$ in $\text{SmFe}_4\text{P}_{12}$.

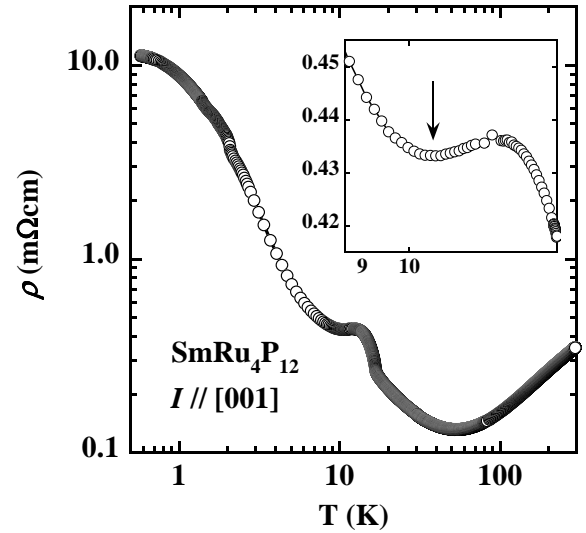


Figure 2: Temperature dependence of the electrical resistivity for the current along the $[001]$ in $\text{SmRu}_4\text{P}_{12}$.

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